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APPLICATION NO.	F	ILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO
10/084,833 02/26/2002		02/26/2002	Frederick L. Jordan	HO-P0291US8	4096
26271	7590	01/24/2006		EXAMINER	
		WORSKI, LLP	TOOMER, CEPHIA D		
1301 MCKI SUITE 5100				ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
HOUSTON	TX 770	)10-3095	1714		

DATE MAILED: 01/24/2006

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)					
		10/084,833	JORDAN, FREDERICK L.					
Office Action Summary		Examiner	Art Unit					
	•	Cephia D. Toomer	1714					
	The MAILING DATE of this communication app	pears on the cover sheet with the	correspondence address					
Period fo								
WHIC - Exter after - If NC - Failu Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL' CHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING Donsions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1 SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. It period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period to re to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing and patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATIO 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tin will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. mely filed  n the mailing date of this communication. ED (35 U.S.C. § 133).					
Status								
1)⊠	Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>25 O</u>	ctober 2005.						
•—		action is non-final.						
3)□	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·							
	closed in accordance with the practice under $\boldsymbol{E}$	Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 4	53 O.G. 213.					
Dispositi	on of Claims							
4)⊠	4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>52-60,70-77,84-90 and 93-95</u> is/are pending in the application.							
•	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.							
5)□	Claim(s) is/are allowed.							
6)⊠	Claim(s) <u>52-60,70-77,84-90 and 93-95</u> is/are rejected.							
7)	Claim(s) is/are objected to.							
8)[	Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	r election requirement.						
Applicati	on Papers							
9)[7]	The specification is objected to by the Examine	er.						
• —	The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) acc		Examiner.					
	Applicant may not request that any objection to the	drawing(s) be held in abeyance. Se	e 37 CFR 1.85(a).					
	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct	tion is required if the drawing(s) is ob	ojected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).					
11)	The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	caminer. Note the attached Office	Action or form PTO-152.					
Priority ι	ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119							
12)	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign	priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a	ı)-(d) or (f).					
a)[	☐ All b)☐ Some * c)☐ None of:							
	1. Certified copies of the priority document	s have been received.						
	2. Certified copies of the priority document							
	3. Copies of the certified copies of the prio		ed in this National Stage					
	application from the International Bureau		- 4					
* 8	See the attached detailed Office action for a list	or the certified copies not receive	ва.					
Attachmen		_						
	e of References Cited (PTO-892) e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	4)						
3) Inform	r No(s)/Mail Date		Patent Application (PTO-152)					

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## **DETAILED ACTION**

This Office action is in response to the amendment filed October 25, 2005 in which claims 93-95 were added.

The previous rejections set forth in the last Office action are withdrawn in view of the amendment to the claims.

## **Double Patenting**

1. The nonstatutory double patenting rejection is based on a judicially created doctrine grounded in public policy (a policy reflected in the statute) so as to prevent the unjustified or improper timewise extension of the "right to exclude" granted by a patent and to prevent possible harassment by multiple assignees. See *In re Goodman*, 11 F.3d 1046, 29 USPQ2d 2010 (Fed. Cir. 1993); *In re Longi*, 759 F.2d 887, 225 USPQ 645 (Fed. Cir. 1985); *In re Van Ornum*, 686 F.2d 937, 214 USPQ 761 (CCPA 1982); *In re Vogel*, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970); and *In re Thorington*, 418 F.2d 528, 163 USPQ 644 (CCPA 1969).

A timely filed terminal disclaimer in compliance with 37 CFR 1.321(c) may be used to overcome an actual or provisional rejection based on a nonstatutory double patenting ground provided the conflicting application or patent is shown to be commonly owned with this application. See 37 CFR 1.130(b).

Effective January 1, 1994, a registered attorney or agent of record may sign a terminal disclaimer. A terminal disclaimer signed by the assignee must fully comply with 37 CFR 3.73(b).

2. Claims 84-88 and 93-95 are provisionally rejected under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 90-92, 95, 97 and 98 of copending Application No. 10084601. Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because the intended use is not a patentable distinction especially in view of the compositions being the same or an obvious variant.

This is a <u>provisional</u> obviousness-type double patenting rejection because the conflicting claims have not in fact been patented.

3. Claims 84-88 and 93-95 are provisionally rejected under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 87, 90, 91, 94, 95 and 97-99 of copending Application No. 10084237. Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because the intended use is not a patentable distinction especially in view of the compositions being the same or an obvious variant.

This is a <u>provisional</u> obviousness-type double patenting rejection because the conflicting claims have not in fact been patented.

4. Claims 84-88 and 93-95 are provisionally rejected under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 97-103 of copending Application No. 10084831. Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because the intended use is not a patentable distinction especially in view of the compositions being the same or an obvious variant.

This is a <u>provisional</u> obviousness-type double patenting rejection because the conflicting claims have not in fact been patented.

5. Claims 84-88 and 93-95 are provisionally rejected under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 95-97 and 101-103 of copending Application No. 10084579. Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because the intended

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use is not a patentable distinction especially in view of the compositions being the same or obvious variant.

This is a <u>provisional</u> obviousness-type double patenting rejection because the conflicting claims have not in fact been patented.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

- 6. The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

  The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.
- 7. Claims 52, 70, 84, 85, 89, 94 and their dependents are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.
- 8. Claim 52 is rejected because the claims should read "A two-cycle fuel composition". When the claims are directed to a fuel and components, it should be claimed as a fuel composition and not a fuel per se. Also, the claim should set forth what constitutes the base fuel. Lastly, "addition" should read additive --.
- 9. Claim 70 is rejected because the claims should read "A two-cycle fuel composition". When the claims are directed to a fuel and components, it should be claimed as a fuel composition and not a fuel per se. Also, "feed" should read fuel --. Lastly, Applicant should set forth what constitutes the fuel.
- 10. Claim 84 is rejected because "tolune" should read toluene--.
- 11. Since applicant has already set forth a solvent in claim 85, it is unclear why a solvent is set forth in claim 86. Are the solvents the same? Clarification is required.

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12. Claim 89 is rejected because the claim should read "A two-cycle fuel composition." When the claims are directed to a fuel and components, it should be claimed as a fuel composition and not a fuel per se.

13. Claim 94 is rejected because "monanes" should read -nonanes --.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Cephia D. Toomer whose telephone number is 571-272-1126. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Thursday.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Vasu Jagannathan can be reached on 571-272-1119. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

ephia D. Toomer Primary Examiner Art Unit 1714

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